

# Carolina Polo & Carriage Company

Records were available for all the horses that we inspected.

Eight horses were available in the barn for inspection. According to the barn manager, only 6 of the eight horses were currently in use. It was unclear as to what horses were turned out on pasture or if that was the case.

(Information in colored ink is specific information for each horse)

Danny	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Red roan horse with a blaze</li> <li>• Photos are available</li> <li>• Horse has black and brown teeth due to eating shavings</li> </ul>
Indigo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wounds on head and behind ear from harness</li> <li>• Barn manager reports horse has not been in work and is waiting for new tack</li> <li>• Records indicate to deworm this horse every 2 months</li> <li>• Horse has black and brown teeth due to eating shavings</li> <li>• Teeth are crystallized and smooth due to mineral deficiency</li> <li>• When chewing, horse does not have a normal 15 degree angle in molar table</li> </ul>
Gibbs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Horse is not on site or available for inspection</li> <li>• No record of work schedule but may be at the farm</li> </ul>
Montague	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chestnut with a blaze, Belgian</li> <li>• Wounds from harness</li> <li>• Barn manager reports horse is being given a week off to heal (may not be enough time)</li> <li>• Bilateral triceps mm. loss</li> <li>• Teeth are crystallized and smooth at 306/406 due to mineral deficiency</li> <li>• Per his Serviceability Certificate, horse was noted to be out of service for last 6 months dated 3/30/09</li> <li>• Also graded 8 out of 10 body score, but horse is not fat at inspection (score suggests)</li> </ul>
Samson	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Serviceability Certificate indicates this horse is a 7</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Horse has black and brown teeth due to eating his shavings</li> <li>• Teeth are crystallized and smooth due to mineral deficiency</li> <li>• When chewing, horse does not have a normal 15 degree angle in molar table</li> </ul>
Winston	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Grey dappled gelding</li> <li>• Harness pads are repaired with tape but are very worn</li> <li>• Feet are long but not to be trimmed for 2 or more weeks</li> <li>• Tires are worn</li> <li>• Teeth are crystallized and smooth due to mineral deficiency</li> <li>• When chewing, horse does not have a normal 15 degree angle in molar table</li> <li>• Copper tox is applied to tops of feet (hoof walls)</li> </ul>
Yemassee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Black and white spotted draft</li> <li>• Curb chain is twisted and needs to be refitted</li> </ul>
Not certain of name of other horse in barn	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• While reported that 8 horses were in the barn, I do not have any notes on the eighth horse.</li> </ul>

## General Recommendations

With regard to Carolina Polo and Carriage Company, the records available were in good order. Records of farrier work, daily temperatures, and serviceability certificates were not complete or did not exist for the three years required.

### Records

The dates for Coggins tests and teeth floats on the Serviceability Records of each horse were altered. The records were incomplete, with no indication for the work schedule of each horse.

The dates for both Coggins tests and for teeth floating were altered on each one. The original dates were given as 2007 and then altered to be 2008. There were no veterinary records to verify the teeth float dates as 2008. By the looks of the teeth, it does not appear that any of the horses are erupting and wearing their teeth at a normal rate, hence they may not have been floated because they have no new tooth growth. This can be affected by both the manner in which they are floated and/or the mineral deficit evident in their muscle structure (see below).

The Coggins paperwork may have been available, but to my knowledge it is current.

1. The keeping of records is for the purpose of aiding the carriage company in being able to better manage their herd. For the purpose of inspection, the records seen are incomplete. For the purpose of herd health management, in this case it does not offer the company any information by which to document what is working and what is not. There are several animal management factors suggested in this document, among which is better record keeping for the benefit of the company.
2. Temperature logs also aid in managing changes in each animal, and in monitoring annual diseases of individuals. It helps the owner to prepare ahead for any changes like spring and fall laminitis or slowing of metabolism.
3. Add more detail to the Farrier log such as when the horses are being trimmed as well as shoe.
  - a. Horses should be trimmed more frequently to maintain better foot balance.
  - b. Records of trimming, tire rotation, tire replacement and shoe removal will offer more information for making decisions in managing horses and foot wear.
  - c. Trim the horses in the pasture as well as while they are working. While horses in the pasture tend to trim their own feet, it occurs unevenly and unless they are out for a very long time.

### Air Quality

Of all the barns we visited, this one has the best ventilation system. However, in spite of this, there is still an odor of ammonia late in the day. This odor lingers when the horses urinate and for a time afterward, but eventually the fans clear some of it. The fact that there is only one doorway into the building limits air flow.

### Stalls

The entire barn is wet. There is a drain along the left hand wall but at the time of inspection it was clogged with manure. I can only assume it is cleared as a routine, otherwise no water would have been draining from the room.

This moisture is detrimental to the feet of the horses as it soaks the hooves, does not allow the tissues to dry and changes the pH of the foot, allowing thrush to grow and remain.

This moisture along with the gasses in the room (chlorine, ammonia) affect respiratory airways. While I did not hear any coughing, Yemassee did have mild rough sounds in his lungs and trachea.

The primary cleaning agent used by this company is chlorine bleach. The hazard here is to both humans and animals alike, as chlorine bleach mixed with ammonia caused by urine creates chlorine gas. It is a good thing the exhaust fans are working as this gas is deadly.

The other hazard of using chlorine bleach is that chlorine exposure suppresses thyroid function by replacing the iodine molecules needed for normal metabolism.

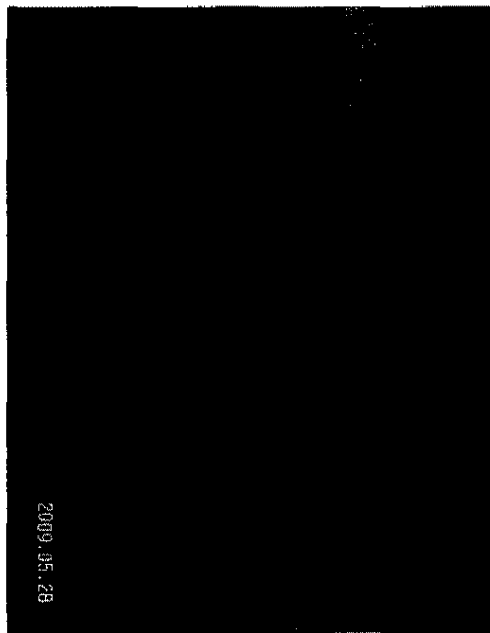
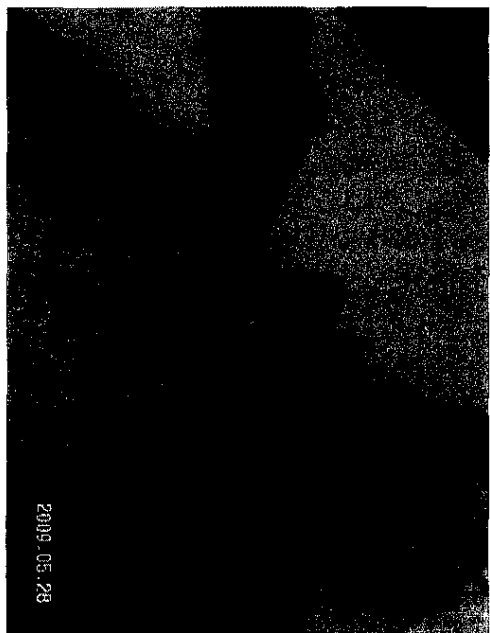
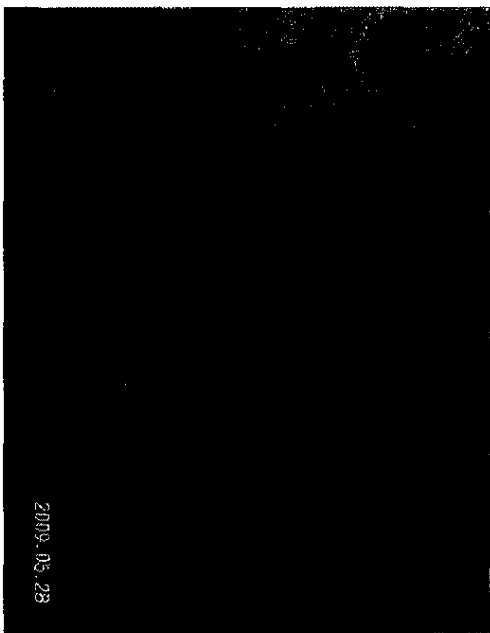
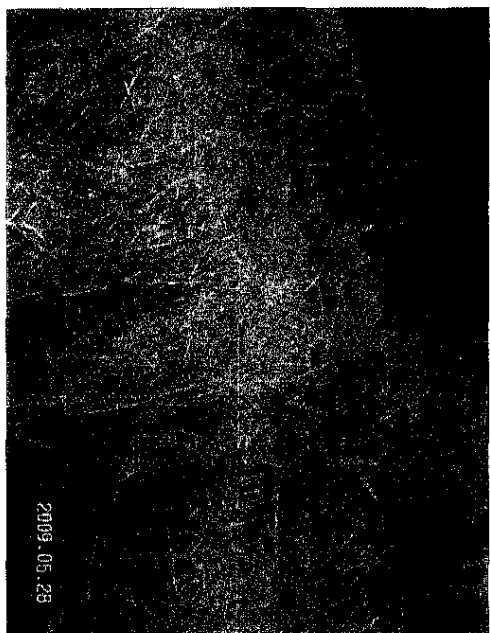
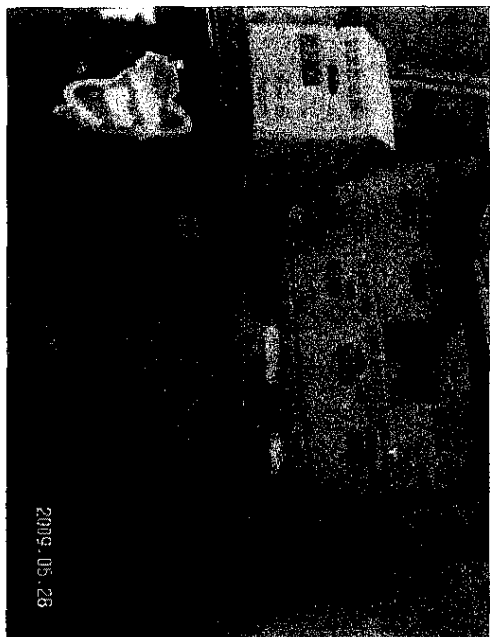
The stall mats being used are excellent cushion but may lose their effect if the horse stands in one place too long, as they are fluffy.

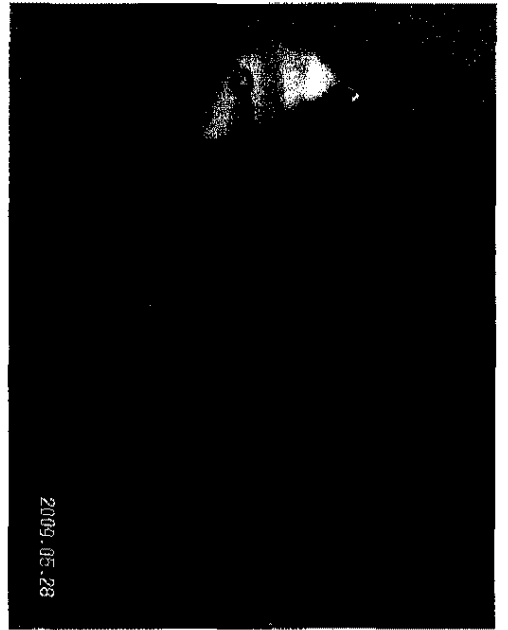
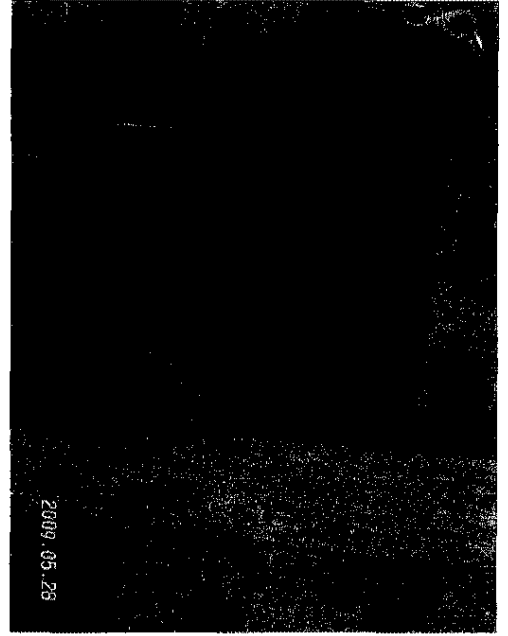
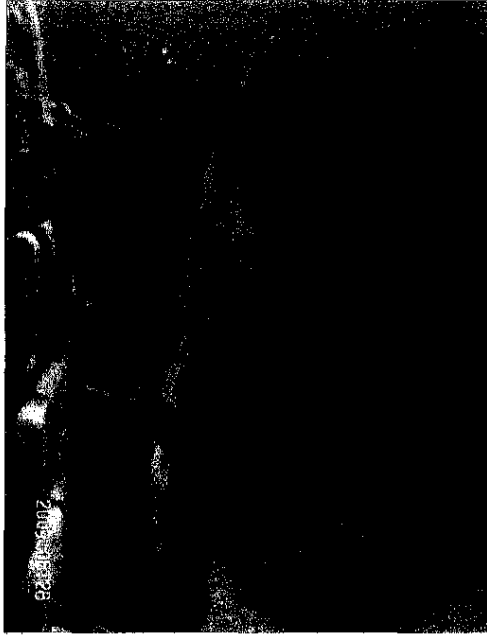
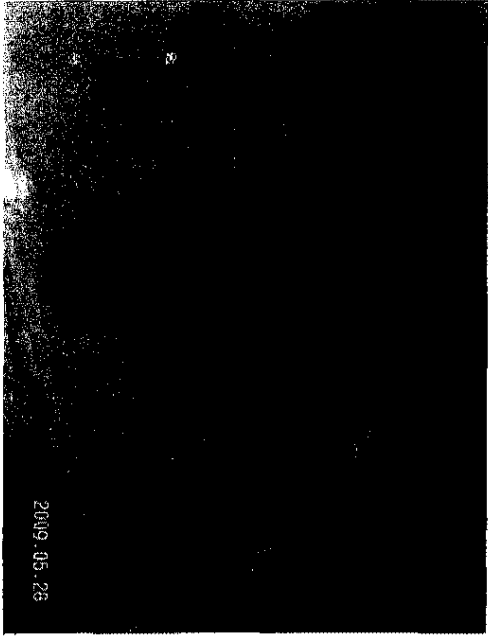
### Horses and Nutrition

1. All of these animals exhibit signs of mineral deficiency. The shapes of their teeth suggest it. The expressions on their faces, with drooping eyelids, drooping lower lips, and puffiness over their eyes are all symptoms of calcium, copper, zinc, and iodine being replaced by other minerals. These are the early signs of a disease commonly called 'big head', where the minerals of the bones are replaced by primarily selenium, over time. It was often seen in horses fed too much wheat bran (high in selenium) and not enough vitamin D, calcium, magnesium, and iodine. They probably improve after pasture when they may have had an opportunity to get more grass and sunlight.
2. In addition to feed quality affecting this mineral deficit, the exposure to environmental elements can contribute as well. In this case, excess exposure to chlorine and ammonia can also affect mineral absorption from feed. Removing these exposures can be a big step in helping the animals perform better.
3. All of the horses we observed in their stalls were eating their shavings greedily (see available photos). This is because they are not getting enough good quality hay.
  - a. At the time of inspection there were only 3 ½ 30 lb. bales of hay in the hay loft. It was a Thursday. There were 7 or 8 horses in the barn. The barn manager reported he would not be ordering more hay until the following Monday.
  - b. A horse needs 2% of his body weight each day in hay or grass. In these horses that ends up being between 20 to 30 lbs. of hay each day.
  - c. The horses are being fed an open label pellet at the rate of 4 quarts in the morning and 8 quarts in the evening. This does not offer enough fermentation products for their cecums and large intestines to remain full. It also does not offer enough roughage and although it is labeled as a complete feed, the fiber in it is not enough to produce the volume of protein needed by the microbes in the gut.
  - d. The manure of these horses is the same consistency as the shavings in the stall for the most part.
4. The cost of the feed is not the issue. The quality is the issue. The feed and hay observed being fed is of the lowest possible quality. For horses being asked to work on a daily basis, it is not offering them the level of nutrition they need. The open label on the pellets allow for the manufacturer to manipulate and replace the ingredients daily, making the feed inconsistent in

quality and content. This also allows for the use of ingredients that might be otherwise unfit for use in a closed label feed. Many of these ingredients are fillers and do not contain digestible nutrients. Thus the nutrient digestibility varies too.

5. The hay in the barn is very dusty and not very good looking. For hay that has not been there long, it is not holding its nutrients well.
6. Salt is not available to these horses free choice. Recommend offering each horse free choice white salt. Electrolytes are included in their diet, but free choice white salt is still needed.





# Checklist/Ordinance Notes

## Sec. 29-202. Franchise agreement required; restrictions.

(b) *Franchise required:* No person shall operate or cause to be operated upon the streets or sidewalks of the old and historic district of the city any animal-drawn vehicle, without first entering into a franchise agreement with the city. Such franchise agreement shall be granted for a period of one (1) year and shall expire on the anniversary of the date of execution; provided, however, upon compliance with the provisions of the franchise agreement and Chapter 29, Articles V and VI, the agreement shall be automatically renewed. The franchise agreement shall contain the following provisions, which provisions are material and go to the essence of the franchise agreement:

(3) The franchisee shall agree that it will not carry out the following business practices, or suffer them to be carried out on its behalf, upon the sidewalks, streets and public properties in the old and historic district, or upon private property adjacent to such streets, sidewalks and public properties, but directed at persons upon such streets, sidewalks and public properties:

- a. The distribution of pamphlets or other printed materials to solicit or advertise for business.
- b. The use of hawkers, pullers-in, pamphleteers, or persons holding signs to solicit or advertise the business or inviting the public to make inquiries to such persons.
- c. The placement of fixed structures for the purpose of sales, solicitation, hawking, pullers-in, pamphleteering or the support of signage or advertising.
- d. The parking or storage of animals or equipment on the public streets and sidewalks, except to load or unload passengers in approved loading zones. Nothing herein shall regulate the parking or storage of animals or equipment on private property.

(4) Nothing herein shall prohibit the solicitation of business immediately alongside an animal-drawn vehicle in an approved loading zone so long as such solicitation is not done in a raucous manner.

### Notable observations:

Satisfied: **Ticket sales on sidewalk**  
Satisfied: **Signage on public property**  
**Parking/Storing/Loading on public street**

## Sec. 29-212. General health care and management requirements.

(1) Every carriage used for touring purposes and operated under a franchise agreement as outlined in section 29-202 shall be equipped with the following:

- b. A slow moving vehicle emblem attached to the rear of the carriage;
- e. Reflective ankle cuffs or another reflective device approved by the tourism committee shall be used on at least two (2) of the animal's legs if one (1) animal is pulling a carriage, or if two (2) animals are pulling a carriage reflective ankle cuffs or another reflective device approved by the tourism committee shall be used on at least one (1) of the outside legs of each animal when the carriage is operated from a half ( 1/2) hour after sunset to a half ( 1/2) hour before sunrise, and at any other time when windshield wipers are in use as a result of rain, sleet, or snow, or when inclement weather or environmental factors severely reduce the ability to clearly discern persons and vehicles on the street or highway at a distance of five hundred (500) feet ahead;

### Notable observations:

- See carriage decal checklist
- Lacked reflective ankle cuffs; they must be used during times outlined in the ordinance, including during inclement weather

**Sec. 29-212. General health care and management requirements.**

(1) Every carriage used for touring purposes and operated under a franchise agreement as outlined in section 29-202 shall be equipped with the following:

**(e) Care and shelter of animals.**

(1) No animal shall be used to draw a carriage unless the animal is in good health and the following standards are met:

a. The animal shall not have open sores or wounds, nor shall such animal be lame or have any other ailments, unless the driver has in the driver's possession a current written statement by a veterinarian that the animal is fit for such Work, notwithstanding such condition;

b. With the exception of a two-week trial period for an animal introduced into the touring stock for the first time, the hooves of all animals while engaged in Work on pavement, brick, concrete or other like hard surfaces shall have rubber or elastomer shoes, boots or pads to prevent slipping. If a farrier determines that the horse's hooves will not accommodate the use of rubber pads, metal shoes can be used on the rear legs of the animal;

c. The animal shall be properly and appropriately groomed;

d. The animal shall have adequate flesh and muscle tone as determined by the Body Condition Scale of the Henneke Chart and shall average between 3 and 7;

e. The animal is kept in good working condition;

f. At introduction into the touring stock then bi-annually thereafter, the animal shall have had a physical inspection completed by and a certificate of serviceability for carriage work signed by a licensed veterinarian, with the results thereof provided to the City of Charleston Tourism Director and made available for inspection on site;

h. At introduction into the touring stock then quarterly thereafter, the animal shall have been dewormed; and

i. At introduction into the touring stock, the animal has been vaccinated under the direction of a veterinarian for appropriate diseases and risk factors of the area, as outlined on the certificate of serviceability.

(2) Water shall be provided to each animal immediately after completing a tour.

(3) Animals shall be provided electrolyte supplements at each feeding.

(4) Animals shall have at least fifteen (15) minutes rest between back to back tours.

(5) In a twenty-four-hour period, animals shall not engage in Work more than eight (8) consecutive hours or ten hours with out a one and one-half (1 1/2) hour break being disconnected from the carriage, in a twenty-four-hour period.

(6) Animals shall not engage in work more than six (6) days in a seven-day period.

(7) Animals shall not engage in work with equipment causing an impairment of vision, other than normal blinders.

(9) Animals shall not be subject to any cruel or harassing treatment or equipment.

(10) Animals shall not be sold or disposed of except in a humane manner in accordance with American Association of Equine Practitioners' guidelines.

(11) Animals shall be at least three and one-half (3 1/2) years of age and shall not weigh less than nine hundred fifty (950) pounds in fit condition.

**Notable observations:**

- **Incomplete Certificate of Serviceability Records (no microchip numbers)**
- **No rest records/work schedules/pasture logs**
- **No records of disposal/sale/donation**
- **Rubber soles were reportedly thin**
- **Incomplete temp and undetailed farrier logs, there is a three year minimum for records – many records were incomplete or went back one year**

**Sec. 29-212. General health care and management requirements.**

(1) Every carriage used for touring purposes and operated under a franchise agreement as outlined in section 29-202 shall be equipped with the following:

**(f) Harnesses.**

- (1) Animals shall not engage in work with harnesses or bits that harm or are unsafe to the animal.
- (2) Harnesses, bridles, bits and padding shall be properly fitted and kept in clean and good repair.
- (3) Harnesses shall be kept free of makeshifts like wire, rope, and rusty chain.
- (4) Trace chains shall not put pressure on the collar and shoulders of the animal when it starts pulling the carriage resulting in a jolting start versus a smooth start with a snug collar already in place.
- (5) Breeching shall fit so that it will not rub or hinder the hind leg movement of the animal.

**Notable observations:**

- Rust and wire was observed on Wintson's harness
- Electrical tape was observed on several harnesses
- Pads were worn and fraying on several harnesses
- Large cuts in straps
- Due to notes above, several harnesses need replacing

**Sec. 29-212. General health care and management requirements.**

(1) Every carriage used for touring purposes and operated under a franchise agreement as outlined in section 29-202 shall be equipped with the following:

**(h) Feeding.**

- (1) Animals shall receive an adequate amount of equine feed daily, which is free from contamination, sufficient in quantity, having nutritional value, and be provided frequently enough to meet normal daily requirements for the animal's condition, special needs, environmental factors and size of the animal so as to maintain a healthy flesh.
- (2) Clean drinking water free from contamination shall be available to an out of service animal at all times.
- (3) Out of service animals shall at all times have access to salt in a block or loose form.

**Notable observations:**

- Not enough hay
- Food not enough for diet
- Drinking trellis was cracked and leaking
- No salt observed in barn
- Salt was not at the time of inspection, but is required to be accessible at all times

**Sec. 29-212. General health care and management requirements.**

(1) Every carriage used for touring purposes and operated under a franchise agreement as outlined in section 29-202 shall be equipped with the following:

**(i) Stables and stalls.**

(1) Stables shall be safe, well lighted, ventilated, and provide protection from the weather as described herein;

a. Stables and stalls shall be kept clean and in good repair and excreta shall be removed daily;

b. The floors of the stalls shall be graded and raked to keep their surface dry;

c. Fans shall be used to increase ventilation when the ambient temperature reaches ninety (90) degrees Fahrenheit;

d. Sharp surfaces and any other hazards shall not be permitted in any stable or stall where they can come in contact with the animals;

e. Stables and stalls shall be kept free of leaks, including but not limited to, leaks form roofs or from plumbing;

f. Stalls sizes shall be no less than 5'9" x 11' unless a carriage company undertakes any remodeling or refurbishing of any sorts to their stable that equals fifty (50) percent of the market value of the stable or moves their stable. In the event a carriage company does remodel or refurbish their stable as stated in the previous sentence then they must implement a minimum stall size of 8' x 8' for every stall.

g. The practice of tethering the animal in a stall is permitted so long as the animal can lie down without the risk of entanglement or injury;

h. Occupied stalls shall have a minimum of three (3) inches of bedding or have a specialized surface so as to keep animals clean, dry and free of concussion, abrasion or pressure points;

i. Interior and exterior areas of the stable shall be kept clean, properly drained and free of nuisances including, but not limited to, unreasonable and excessive odors and unreasonable accumulation of refuse and excreta;

j. There shall be no smoking at any time in stables; and

k. Unless otherwise directed by a veterinarian, animals shall be given a pasture turn-out time of a minimum of two (2) weeks every four (4) months.

(2) Stables shall be located within walking distance the medallion gate located at the corner of Church and North Market.

(3) All stables shall have a yearly inspection by the fire department. Fire extinguishers must be kept in obvious places in every stable as required by law and as recommended by the fire department.

**Notable observations:**

- Well ventilated
- Barn/stalls were wet two days in a row, at different times. The barn/stalls were wet the entire visit
- Sharp surfaces were seen in the stall second from the far left, along the back wall.
- Rotting wood and chains with rust were observed
- Standing water
- Stalls were measured as 4'9" x 10'; see requirements.
- Animals were eating bedding, diminishing the 3-inch requirement, pads were in each stall but soaked with water
- An emergency/fire plan should be devised
- Additional fire extinguishers are recommended

<p><b>Sec. 29-212. General health care and management requirements.</b>                  Every carriage used for touring purposes and operated under a franchise agreement as outlined in section 29-202 shall be equipped with the following:</p>	
<p><b>(j) Recordkeeping</b>                  (1) Feeding, shoeing, medication, and treatment logs, bi-annual inspection records, certificate of serviceability, quarterly de-worming records, rectal temperature logs, work schedules, disposal documentation, and such other records as requested by the tourism director and police department shall be maintained for a three year period by each carriage company operator for every animal used in the touring stock.                  (2) These records shall be made available for inspection by the city and its designee.</p>	<p><b>Notable observations:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pasture logs, work logs, feeding logs, bi-annual inspection records, rectal temp logs, and disposal records not recorded.</li> <li>•</li> </ul>

<p><b>Sec. 29-204. Drivers.</b></p>	
<p>All drivers of animal-drawn vehicles shall have a current automotive vehicle drivers license and demonstrate competence in handling animal-drawn vehicles. All drivers of animal-drawn vehicles shall be required to pass an animal-drawn vehicle competency examination which will satisfy the city that the driver is knowledgeable and capable of handling horses and animal-drawn vehicles in emergency situations.</p>	<p><b>Notable observations:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No known competency exam/formal training given by the company</li> <li>• Compiling an employee policy and training manual is recommended</li> <li>• All drivers must comply with all traffic laws</li> </ul>

<p><b>Sec. 29-206. Gatekeeper loading and medallion issuance procedure.</b></p>	
<p>(a) The city shall establish a central location ...The medallion shall be issued by the gatekeeper and affixed to the back of the animal-drawn vehicle. Upon completion of the tour, the medallion shall be returned to the gatekeeper by the driver or company representative of the animal-drawn vehicle having been issued the medallion. A medallion shall be returned to the gatekeeper no later than seventy-five (75) minutes after its issuance.</p>	<p><b>Notable observations:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The hooks used to affix the medallion onto the carriage must be replaced with a clip that will not allow wind or persons to remove the medallion without just cause. This will alleviate common complaints from residents that carriages are traveling without medallions.                  (Old South has two different, great examples)</li> <li>• Medallions must returned to the gate within 75 minutes of issuance</li> </ul>

# ANNUAL CARRIAGE INDUSTRY CITY VISIT CHECKLIST



## EQUIPMENT

Every carriage used for touring purposes and operated under a franchise agreement as outlined in section 29-202 shall be equipped with the following:

- Head lights or lanterns and tail lights or lanterns which are visible for a distance of (500) feet when the carriage is operated from a half hour after sunset to a half hour before sunrise, and at any other time when windshield wipers are in use as a result of rain, sleet, or snow, or when inclement weather or environmental factors severely reduce the ability to clearly discern persons and vehicles on the street or highway at a distance of five hundred feet ahead;
- A slow moving vehicle emblem attached to the rear of the carriage;
- A diapering apparatus that prevents the droppings of the animal used to pull the carriage from being deposited on the ground or the right-of-way;
- A fifth wheel or cut under turning mechanism on the front axle with the exception of vintage carriages;
- Reflective ankle cuffs or another reflective device approved by the tourism committee shall be used on at least two (2) of the animal's legs if one (1) animal is pulling a carriage, or if two (2) animals are pulling a carriage reflective ankle cuffs or another reflective device approved by the tourism committee shall be used on at least one (1) of the outside legs of each animal when the carriage is operated from a half ( 1/2) hour after sunset to a half ( 1/2) hour before sunrise, and at any other time when windshield wipers are in use as a result of rain, sleet, or snow, or when inclement weather or environmental factors severely reduce the ability to clearly discern persons and vehicles on the street or highway at a distance of five hundred (500) feet ahead;
- A two-way electronic communication system; and *Phone / None*
- A minimum of two (2) equine sanitation flags to mark animal excreta droppings.
- Carriages must be properly lubricated and the carriage wheels shall spin freely.
- Each carriage shall be maintained in a safe condition so as to not endanger any person or property.
- Each carriage shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition, free of liter and debris and at all times suitable for public transportation of passengers.
- No carriage shall be operated having more passengers than what is permitted by its certificate of appropriateness or having a combined weight of carriage, passengers, and drivers that is more than three (3) times the weight of the animal(s) pulling the vehicle.
- Each carriage company shall post at their barns in a conspicuous place signage as required under applicable federal, state, and local laws, including but not limited to, the Equine Activity Liability Act (S.C. Code 47-9-730), along with providing brochures outlining the City's ordinances governing the general health and welfare of the animals used in the tourism industry of Charleston.

Company: CHAROLINA POLO

Completed by: D.D.

Signature: Danielle D. Hayes

Date: 5/29/09

**Sec. 29-207. Design standards.**

Animal-drawn vehicles shall be authentically styled passenger carriages. Wagons which patently were designed for cargo instead of passengers will not be approved. Carriages must not exceed twelve (12) feet in length or six (6) feet in width. Carriages will be measured from end to end, excluding the steps and shafts; and, from axle tip to axle tip. No part of the carriage may be over six (6) feet in width; provided, however, any certificated carriage which was in use as of January 1, 1982, and no longer than thirteen (13) feet may continue in use.  
(Ord. No. 1983-22, § 63, 5-10-83; Ord. No. 1998-174, § 24, 9-22-98)

**Notes:**

Company: CAROLINA POLO  
Completed by: D.D  
Signature: Daniel Delaney  
Date: 5/29/09

## DIVISION 2. CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

## Sec. 29-219. Required.

No animal drawn vehicle shall operate without a duly issued certificate of appropriateness and without having paid such fee therefor as city council may, from time to time, establish. The certificate of appropriateness must be permanently affixed to the vehicle in a location approved by the commission.  
Compare to attached Company Vehicle List

Other:

- (2) Water shall be provided to each animal immediately after completing a tour.
- (3) Animals shall be provided electrolyte supplements at each feeding.
- (4) Animals shall have at least fifteen (15) minutes rest between back to back tours.
- (5) In a twenty-four-hour period, animals shall not engage in Work more than eight (8) consecutive hours or ten hours with out a one and one-half (1 1/2) hour break being disconnected from the carriage, in a twenty-four-hour period.
- (6) Animals shall not engage in work more than six (6) days in a seven-day period.
- (7) Animals shall not engage in work with equipment causing an impairment of vision, other than normal blinders.
- (8) Animals shall not be driven at a speed faster than a slow trot.
- (9) Animals shall not be subject to any cruel or harassing treatment or equipment.
- (10) Animals shall not be sold or disposed of except in a humane manner in accordance with American Association of Equine Practitioners' guidelines.
- (11) Animals shall be at least three and one-half (3 1/2) years of age and shall not weigh less than nine hundred fifty (950) pounds in fit condition.

## Sec. 29-222. Suspension or revocation.

(a) Failure to abide by the provisions of this chapter or any of the ordinances of the city or laws of the state in any manner affecting or regulating the operation of the vehicle for which the certificate is issued, or the failure to maintain the required insurance shall be grounds for suspension for a reasonable time or the revocation of a certificate of appropriateness issued under this division.

(b) If, in the opinion of the tourism director, a certificate of appropriateness should be suspended or revoked, he shall give written notice to the holder thereof, by certified mail of the right to appear before the commission and show cause why the certificate should not be suspended or revoked.

(Ord. No. 1983-22, § 67, 5-10-83; Ord. No. 2007-202, § 2, 10-23-07)

Company: \_\_\_\_\_

CAROLINA POLO

Completed by: \_\_\_\_\_

JD

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Danielle Dillahun

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

5/29/09

**RECORDKEEPING**

DD Feeding 2009 2008 2007 *NO log written*  
• Animals shall be provided electrolyte supplements at each feeding. *MR. K uses judgement*

DD shoeing 2009 2008 2007  
DD medication 2009 2008 2007  
DD treatment logs 2009 2008 2007  
DD bi-annual inspection records 2009 2008 2007  
i.e. certificate of serviceability

- At introduction into the touring stock then quarterly thereafter, the animal shall have been de-wormed; and
- At introduction into the touring stock, the animal has been vaccinated under the direction of a veterinarian for appropriate diseases and risk factors of the area, as outlined on the certificate of serviceability.
- Animals shall be at least three and one-half (3 1/2 years of age and shall not weigh less than nine hundred fifty (950) pounds in fit condition.

DD quarterly de-worming records 2009 2008 2007  
DD rectal temperature logs 2009 2008 2007  
DD work schedules 2009 2008 2007 *MR. K uses judgement for breaks*

- Animals shall have at least fifteen (15) minutes rest between back to back tours.
- In a twenty-four-hour period, animals shall not engage in Work more than eight (8) consecutive hours or ten hours with out a one and one-half (1 1/2) hour break being disconnected from the carriage, in a twenty-four-hour period.
- Animals shall not engage in work more than six (6) days in a seven-day period.

DD disposal documentation 2009 2008 2007  
Other records as requested by the tourism director and police department shall be maintained for a three year period by each carriage company operator for every animal used in the touring stock.

DD Any Accident Reports 2009 2008 2007 *accident in 2008*  
DD Insurance 2009 2008 2007 *will not document*  
DD Branding/Tatto/Microchip #'s 2009 2008 2007 *will send*

(2) These records shall be made available for inspection by the city and its designee. (Ord. No. 2007-90, § 1, 4-24-07)

Secs. 29-213-29-218. Reserved.

*Pasture - Ravenel*

Company: CAROLINA Polo

Completed by: DA

Signature: Danielle Delaney

Date: 5/29/09

**CARE AND SHELTER OF ANIMALS.**

No animal shall be used to draw a carriage unless the animal is in good health and the following standards are met:

X The animal shall not have open sores or wounds, nor shall such animal be lame or have any other ailments, unless the driver has in the driver's possession a current written statement by a veterinarian that the animal is fit for such Work, notwithstanding such condition;

*Major Open Sores, being treated by stable manager*

NS With the exception of a two-week trial period for an animal introduced into the touring stock for the first time, the hooves of all animals while engaged in Work on pavement, brick, concrete or other like hard surfaces shall have rubber or elastomer shoes, boots or pads to prevent slipping. If a farrier determines that the horse's hooves will not accommodate the use of rubber pads, metal shoes can be used on the rear legs of the animal;

*Rubber Shoes are thin*

NS The animal shall be properly and appropriately groomed;

NS The animal shall have adequate flesh and muscle tone as determined by the Body Condition Scale of the Henneke Chart and shall average between 3 and 7;

NS The animal is kept in good working condition;

**HARNESSES.**

- (1) Animals shall not engage in work with harnesses or bits that harm or are unsafe to the animal;
- (2) Harnesses, bridles, bits and padding shall be properly fitted and kept in clean and good repair.
- (3) Harnesses shall be kept free of makeshifts like wire, rope, and rusty chain.
- (4) Trace chains shall not put pressure on the collar and shoulders of the animal when it starts pulling the carriage resulting in a jolting start versus a smooth start with a snug collar already in place.
- (5) Breeching shall fit so that it will not rub or hinder the hind leg movement of the animal.

*H Ave large cuts in leather straps*

*rust, wire on winston staple Pads worn*

**FEEDING**

NS Animals shall receive an adequate amount of equine feed daily, which is free from contamination, sufficient in quantity, having nutritional value, and be provided frequently enough to meet normal daily requirements for the animal's condition, special needs, environmental factors and size of the animal so as to maintain a healthy flesh.

*Not enough Hay, feed not enough for diet*

NS Clean drinking water free from contamination shall be available to an out of service animal at all times.

*Drinking Tubs Leaking from cracks*

\* ? Out of service animals shall at all times have access to salt in a block or loose form.

NS Animals shall be provided electrolyte supplements at each feeding.

Company: Carolina Polo

Completed by: [Signature] Stolen CSP

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 5-29-09



**STABLES AND STALLS.**

MS Stables shall be safe, well lighted, ventilated, and provide protection from the weather as described herein;

MS Stables and stalls shall be kept clean and in good repair and excreta shall be removed daily

*EXCRETA visible*

MS The floors of the stalls shall be graded and raked to keep their surface dry;

*Raked but NOT dry*

MS Fans shall be used to increase ventilation when the ambient temperature reaches ninety (90) degrees Fahrenheit;

*very good ventilation*

\* Sharp surfaces and any other hazards shall not be permitted in any stable or stall where they can come in contact with the animals; *Rotting Wood. Chains w/ Rust*

MS Stables and stalls shall be kept free of leaks, including but not limited to, leaks from roofs or from plumbing;

*LOT of Standing Water, NOT Well Drained, very WET*

X Stalls sizes shall be no less than 5'9" x 11' unless a carriage company undertakes any remodeling or refurbishing of any sorts to their stable that equals fifty (50) percent of the market value of the stable or moves their stable. In the event a carriage company does remodel or refurbish their stable as stated in the previous sentence then they must implement a minimum stall size of 8' x 8' for every stall.

*4'10" x 10'*

MS The practice of tethering the animal in a stall is permitted so long as the animal can lie down without the risk of entanglement or injury;

MS Occupied stalls shall have a minimum of three (3) inches of bedding or have a specialized surface so as to keep animals clean, dry and free of concussion, abrasion or pressure points;

*Horses are eating there bedding.*

MS Interior and exterior areas of the stable shall be kept clean, properly drained and free of nuisances including, but not limited to, unreasonable and excessive odors and unreasonable accumulation of refuse and excreta;

*drainage excreta is very large accumulated in areas*

MS There shall be no smoking at any time in stables

MS Log of pasture time, unless otherwise directed by a veterinarian, animals shall be given a pasture turn-out time of a minimum of two (2) weeks every four (4) months.

*NOT recorded*

MS All stables shall have a yearly inspection by the fire department. Fire extinguishers must be kept in obvious places in every stable as required by law and as recommended by the fire department.

*Make a plan with local fire Department  
Needs more fire extinguishers*

Company: Caroline Polo

Completed by: M. Stora CPD

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 5-29-09

## Carolina Polo &amp; Carriage

Carriage Type	Passenger Capacity	Decal #	Notes	Date Inspected
Group	16 + driver	101	✓ No safety Triangle	6/14/2009
Group	16 + driver	102		
Group	16 + driver	103	✓	5/29/2009
Group	16 + driver	104	✓ Bumper had damage but supported by metal cleat	5/29/2009
Group	16 + driver	105	✓ No safety Triangle	5/29/2009
Group	16 + driver	219		
Vis-à-vis	4 + driver	251	✓	5/29/2009
Vis-à-vis	4 + driver	209	✓	5/29/2009
Vis-à-vis	4 + driver	100		

# Carolina Polo

No microchips on file

Horse Name	Microchip on File	Microchip # Found @ Inspection	Notes
Gibbs			not at barn
Cooper		none	
Montague		none	
Sampson		none	
Danny		none	
Yemassee		none	
Winston		none	
Indigo		none	
Beauregard			Deceased/Euthanized by Dr. Malark

## **Carolina Polo & Carriage Required Changes**

### **Immediate (action needed within 48 hours; Thursday, June 25, 2009)**

#### **Records**

- Vet Records for past three years need to be sent from directly from the Vet to the Tourism Management Office by mail or hand delivered, include Vet records for dates of Certificate of Serviceability work.
- Records, as indicated by Chapter 29, (disposal, temperature, pasture, work, etc.) must be maintained on a daily/regular basis (as indicated in Chapter 29) and available upon immediate request by the manager on duty to the Tourism Management office, or designee. Spot checks will be performed on a regular basis through out the year.
- Provide pasture/farm contact information for pasture verification. The Tourism Management office must be informed, in writing of change or the use of an alternative pasture/farm and provide contact information.

#### **Stalls**

- The animals must be provided dry conditions
- Currently, the primary cleaning agent is bleach, an alternative cleaning agent must be used.

#### **Feeding**

- A feeding schedule and the vet recommended amounts of 2% of horses body weight must be given daily. Receipts and daily feeding schedule must be provided immediately and upon request in the future. Contact information regarding the feed supplier must be provided and as well as when the supplier is changed or an additional or alternative supplier is used. See Dr. Amy Hayek's recommendations for more information on a vet recommended feeding schedule.
- Salt, preferably white, must be provided for every horse at all times

#### **Carriages**

- Changes as noted must be made to carriage decal #: 101, 105

### **7 Calendar Days (Tuesday, June 30, 2009)**

#### **Harness**

- Broken, wire showing, or otherwise compromised harnesses must not be used and must be replaced.

#### **Stalls**

- Cracked or leaking drinking trellises must be replaced.
- Sharp surfaces must be removed and replaced (metal exposed surface in the stalls).

### **14 Calendar Days (Tuesday, July 7, 2009)**

- Weight of carriages must be recorded and proven through receipt.
- Weight of horses must be recorded and proven through receipt or vet records.
- Reflective ankle cuffs must be used as outlined in the ordinance.

### **30 Calendar Days (Thursday, July 23, 2009)**

#### **Stalls**

- The current measurements of the stalls do not meet the requirements of the code, they must be modified.
- Branding, tattoo, or microchip every horse used by the company for the purposes of carriage operation

### **60 Calendar Days (Saturday, August 22, 2009)**

- Adopt formal training manual/exam which demonstrates competence in handling animal-drawn vehicles

### **90 Calendar Days (Monday, September 21, 2009)**

- A plan for off street loading, unloading, storage of carriages, and animal-drawn vehicles about to go on tour
- Modify hooks on all carriages to clips, in order to prevent medallions from being lost